



# Fact Sheet: Measles

## What is Measles?

Measles (rubella) is an extremely contagious disease caused by the measles virus. Measles can cause such complications as pneumonia and encephalitis (inflammation of the brain). Measles can also cause miscarriages or premature delivery in pregnant women.

## What are the symptoms?

- The illness starts with a runny nose, watery eyes, cough and high fever.
- After 2-3 days, tiny white spots may appear in the mouth.
- After an additional 2 days, a raised, red rash starts on the face and spreads down the body and out to the arms and legs. This rash lasts usually 4-7 days.
- Symptoms start about 10 days after being exposed to measles, and last from 1-2 weeks.

A person with measles is contagious for 1 week before and 1 week after the rash appears. If you suspect measles, seek medical treatment as soon as possible.

## How is it spread?

Droplets from the nose or mouth, through sneezing, coughing or speaking, spread measles from one person to another. This illness is more common in late winter and early spring.

## How is it treated?

- There is no specific medicine to cure measles.
- If you or your child develops symptoms, consult your health care provider for the diagnostic testing that is necessary to prove the illness is measles.
- Rest, plenty of fluids, and Tylenol can be used to reduce fever and discomfort. **Aspirin should not be used in children with viral illnesses since there have been cases associated with the development of Reye Syndrome.**
- The sick person should stay at home until 4 days after the appearance of the rash.

## How is it prevented?

The best way to prevent measles is to be vaccinated against it. The vaccine is given in combination with the mumps and rubella vaccines, known as **MMR** vaccine. Two (2) MMR injections are needed to be completely immunized. Teenagers and adults who do not know if they are protected against measles should ask their doctor or clinic about the **MMR** vaccine.

**Pregnant women should not get the live vaccine—and all women of childbearing age should be cautious to stay away from those known to have measles.**

*This fact sheet is for information only and is not meant to be used for self-diagnosis or as a substitute for consultation with a health care provider. For more information call your health care provider.*

Visit our website at: [www.gchd.us](http://www.gchd.us) or the Centers for Disease Control & Prevention at: [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)

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